

RISE WITH EDUCATION NAAC REACCREDITED - 'A' GRADE

DEPARTMENT OF BOTANY

Faculty: Science

Program Name: BSc

Class: FYBSc

Subject: Botany

Course: FYBSc Botany (DSC)

Credit Based Semester System Syllabus Under NEP, 2020 Approved By Board of Studies in Botany for the Academic Year 2023 – 24

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DSC:	BOTANY	FYBSC (BOTANY) SEMESTE	R – I (C 1	redits: 4)
Th	eory: Pap	er I – Plant Diversity and Fund	ctional Bo	tany I
Paper Code	Unit No.	Unit Name	Credits	Lectures/week
	1	Algae and Fungi	03	01
	2	Plant Anatomy		01
	3	Genetics and Biometry		01
	Practical	I - Plant Diversity and Function	onal Botar	ny I
	Bas	ed on theory (Practical I)	01	02

DSC: I	BOTANY	FYBSC (BOTANY) SEMESTE	R – II (C	redits: 4)	
Th	Theory: Paper I – Plant Diversity and Functional Botany II				
Paper Code	Unit No.	Unit Name	Credits	Lectures/week	
	1	Bryophyte, Pteridophytes	03	01	
		and Gymnosperms			
	2	Angiosperms		01	
		(Morphology and Families)			
	3	Cell Biology		01	
	Practical I	- Plant Diversity and Functio	nal Botan	y II	
	Bas	ed on theory (Practical I)	01	02	

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Semester I	Hr. 45
Paper I – Plant Diversity and Functional Botany I	Cr. 03
Learning Objectives: The course entitled Plant Diversity and Functional Botany – I of	
semester – I under paper – I includes the units on Algae, Fungi, Plant anatomy,	
Genetics and Biometry. It will highlight the algal fungal life cycles and the economic	
importance of algae and fungi. The course will help them learn mendelian genetics. It	
will teach them applications of statistical tools in biological data analysis. The course	
will provide insight into the plant anatomy with respect to structure and function of	
plant tissue systems.	
Course Outcomes:	
After completion of the course, learners would be able to:	
CO1: Understand and differentiate between chlorophycean and cyanophycean algae	
with special reference to their general characters, thallus structure, life-cycle patterns,	
systematic positions.	
CO2: Identify and differentiate between Phycomycetous and Ascomycetous fungi	
based on their general characters, mycelial structure, life cycles and systematic	
positions.	
CO3: Appreciate the commercial applications of algae and fungi at various industrial	
levels.	
CO4: Sketch, Label and differentiate between types of simple tissues, stomata,	
vascular bundles, and cell inclusions.	
CO5: Study the structure and functions of epidermal tissue systems.	
CO6: Draw and structurally differentiate among the primary structure of	
dicotyledonous and monocotyledonous root, stem, and leaf.	
CO7: Study and understand Mendelian genetics, gene, and allelic interactions.	
CO8: Solve the problems based on epistasis, multiple genes, and multiple allelic	
interactions.	
CO9: Represent the biological data graphically and analyse the same using statistical	
measurement tools like mean, median, mode and standard deviation.	

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U	NIT I – Algae and Fungi	15
1	General characters of Chlorophyta & Cyanophyta. (01)	-
2	Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Nostoc</i> and <i>Spirogyra</i> . (04)	-
3	Economic importance of Algae: Biofertilizers, Food & Nutraceuticals, Biofuel,	
	Medicines, and industrial applications. (01)	
4	General characters of Phycomycetes and Ascomycetes. (01)	-
5	Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Rhizopus</i> and <i>Aspergillus</i> . (04)	-
6	Applications of Fungi in industry, agriculture & medicines. (01)	-
U	NIT II –Plant Anatomy	15
1	Simple tissues - Parenchyma, Collenchyma, Sclerenchyma.	-
	Complex tissues – Xylem and Phloem. (04)	
2	Epidermal Tissue System: Epidermal Tissue System- Functions of epidermis,	-
	Epidermal appendages - A) Hair-Root hair, Unicellular hair, and Multicellular hair	
	B) Scales C) Colleters D) Water vesicles/Bladders. (04)	
3	Primary structure of dicot and monocot root, stem, and leaf. (03)	
4	Types of stomata: Diacytic, Paracytic, Anomocytic, Anisocytic and Graminaceous	
	(01)	
5	Types of vascular bundles (01)	
6	Cell Inclusions – Starch, protein, Calcium oxalate and calcium carbonate crystals	
	(02)	
U	NIT III – Genetics and Biometry	15
1	Mendelian genetics (02)	
2	Interaction of genes – Interaction between alleles. (02)	
3	Interaction involving two pair of genes - Epistatic and non-epistatic interactions.	
	(03)	
4	Multiple alleles (02)	
5	Multiple genes (01)	
6	Biometry – Characteristics of biostatistics, Applications and limitations, Common	
	Statistical Terms, types of data. (02)	
7	Measures of central tendency: Mean, Median, Mode and Standard deviation (03)	

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Sem	ester I	Hr. 15
Prac	ctical Paper I – Plant Diversity and Functional Botany I	Cr. 01
Lear	rning Objectives: The course will provide an insight into the diversity of algae and fungi	
alon	g with their applications for commercial purposes. The course will give hands-on	
trair	ning for section cutting and mounting of plant parts. It would provide a tool of	
bios	tatistical analysis of mean, median, mode and standard deviation. It will also teach to	
pres	ent biological data with the help of frequency distribution, graphical representation of	
data	- frequency polygon, histogram, pie chart.	
Cou	rse Outcomes:	
Afte	r completion of the course, learners would be able to:	
C01	: Identify, classify, and describe the stages in the life cycle of few algae and fungi.	
CO2	: Appreciate and comment upon the economic importance of commercially used algae	
and	fungi.	
CO3	: Cut the sections and differentiate between dicotyledonous and monocotyledonous	
root	, stem, and leaf.	
CO 4	: Mount, sketch and label the various types of stomata, vascular bundles, and cell	
inclu	isions.	
C05	: Represent the biological data graphically and analyse the same using statistical	
mea	surement tools like mean, median, mode and standard deviation.	
1	Study of stages in the life cycle of Nostoc from fresh/ preserved material and	
	permanent slides.	
2	Study of stages in the life cycle of Spirogyra from fresh/ preserved material and	
	permanent slides.	
3	Economic importance of algae: Spirulina (Nutraceutical), Ulva (Biofuel), Ascophyllum	
	(Alginates), <i>Gelidium</i> (Agar)	
4	Study of stages in the life cycle of Rhizopus from fresh/ preserved material and	
	permanent slides.	
5	Study of stages in the life cycle of Aspergillus from fresh/ preserved material and	
	permanent slides.	
6	Economic importance of Fungi: Mushroom and Yeast	

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7	Study of primary structure of dicot and monocot root.
8	Study of primary structure of dicot and monocot stem.
9	Study of primary structure of dicot and monocot leaf.
10	Study of cell inclusions: Starch grains, Aleurone layer, Raphides, Sphaeraphides,
	Cystolith.
11	Study of Epidermal tissue system in plants as per theory.
12	Study of types of stomata as per theory.
13	Study of types of Vascular bundles
14	Frequency distribution, graphical representation of data: Frequency polygon,
	Histogram, Pie-chart.
15	Calculation of mean, median and mode.
16	Calculation of standard deviation.

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Semester II		Hrs. 30
Paper I - Plant Diversity and Functional Botany II		Cr.01
Learning Objectives: The course entitled Plant Diversity and	d Functional Botany – II of	
semester – II under paper – I includes the units on Bryophytes, P	teridophytes, Gymnosperms,	
Angiosperms and Cell Biology. It will highlight life cycles and	the economic importance of	
bryophytes, pteridophytes and gymnosperms. The course will	help them learn morphology	
of plants and systematic botanical studies. The course will	provide insight into various	
aspects of cell biology.		
Course Outcomes:		
After completion of the course, learners would be able to:		
CO1: Understand and recognize bryophytes, pteridophytes an	d gymnosperms with special	
reference to their general characters, thallus structure, life-	cycle stages, and systematic	
positions.		
CO2: Appreciate the commercial applications of bryon	phytes, pteridophytes and	
gymnosperms at various industrial levels.		
CO3: Study the morphology of leaf and inflorescence an	d appreciate the economic	
importance of plants.		
CO4: Apply the knowledge gained through morphological stud	lies in classifying plants into	
their families using Bentham and Hooker's system of classificat	ion.	
C05: Differentiate between prokaryotic and eukaryotic cell stru	icture.	
CO6: Study the ultrastructure and functions of various cell orga	inelles.	
C07: Understand cell cycle and mitosis along with their signific	ance.	
UNIT I – Bryophyta, Pteridophyta and Gymnosperms		15
1 General characters of Bryophyta. (01)		
2 Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Riccia</i> . (03)		
3 Economic and Ecological importance of bryophytes. (01)		
4 General characters of Pteridophyta. (01)		
5 Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Nephrolepis</i> .	(03)	
6 Economic importance of pteridophytes. (01)		
7 General characters of Gymnosperms. (01)		

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8	Structure, life cycle and systematic position of <i>Cycas</i> . (03)	
9	Economic and Ecological importance of Gymnosperms. (01)	
UN	NIT II – Angiosperms: Morphology and Systematic Botany	15
1	Morphology of leaf: Simple leaf, types of compound leaves, phyllotaxy, types of stipules,	
	leaf apex, leaf margin, leaf shapes, venation. (04)	
	Modifications of leaf: Spine, tendril, hooks, phyllode, pitcher. (01)	
2	Types of Inflorescences: Racemose: Simple raceme, spike, catkin, spadix, panicle,	
	corymb, umbel, capitulum. (02)	
	Cymose: Monochasial, dichasial, polychasial. (01)	
	Compound: Cyathium, Verticellaster, Hypanthodium. (01)	
3	Study of the following families according to Bentham and Hooker system of	
	classification with special emphasis on morphological peculiarities and economic	
	importance: Annonaceae, Cruciferae, Malvaceae, Convolvulaceae, Amaryllidaceae. (05)	
4	Wonders of plants: Rafflesia arnoldii, Victoria regia, Venus Fly trap, Sequoia, Orchids.	
	(1L)	
UN	NIT III – Cell biology	15
1	General structure of prokaryotic cell and eukaryotic plant cell. (02)	
2	Ultrastructure and functions of Cell wall, Plasma membrane. (02)	
3	Ultrastructure and functions of the cell organelles – Chloroplast, Endoplasmic reticulum,	
	Mitochondrion, Golgi apparatus, Peroxisomes and Glyoxysomes, Ribosomes (06)	
4	Ultrastructure and functions of eukaryotic nucleus, chromosomes. (02)	
5	Cell cycle and its significance. (01)	
6	Mitosis in plant cell and its significance. (02)	

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Practical Paper I - Plant Diversity and Functional Botany IICr. 01Learning Objectives: The course will provide an insight into the diversity of bryophytes, pteridophytes and gymnosperms along with their commercial applications. The course will give hands-on training for classifying the plant into family based on its morphology. It would give them clarity on the ultrastructure and functions of various cell organelles. It will also teach to prepare slides for mitotic cell divisions and differentiate between the stages of mitosis.ItCourse Outcomes: After completion of the course, learners would be able to: CO1: Identify, classify, and describe the stages in the life cycle of few bryophytes, pteridophytes, and gymnosperms.CO2: CO2: Appreciate and comment upon the commercial applications of bryophytes, pteridophytes, gymnosperms, and angiosperms.CO3: Identify, classify, and assign the plant to its respective family based on its morphological character study.CO4: Study and comment upon the ultrastructure and functions of cell-organelles using photomicrograph.ItCO5: Learn the technique of squash preparation and differentiate between the stages of mitotic cell division in plants.It1Study of stages in life cycle of <i>Riccia</i> from fresh/preserved materials & permanent slides.It2Identification of economically important bryophytes with respect to their
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applications in agriculture (Funaria), in horticulture (Sphagnum).
3 Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Nephrolepis</i> from fresh/ preserved materials and
permanent slides.
4 Identification of economically important pteridophytes with respect to their
applications in agriculture (Azolla) & horticulture (Selaginella, Pteris, Adiantum).

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5	Study of stages in the life cycle of <i>Cycas</i> from fresh/preserved materials & permanent	
	slides.	
6	Identification of economically important gymnosperms: Sago (Cycas); Turpentine	
	(Pinus); Chilgoza (Pinus); Ornamental (Araucaria).	
7	Leaf morphology: As per theory	
8	Types of inflorescences: As per theory	
9	Study of Family: Annonaceae.	
10	Study of Family: Cruciferae.	
11	Study of Family: Malvaceae	
12	Study of Family: Convolvulaceae.	
13	Study of Family: Amaryllidaceae.	
14	Study of various stages of mitosis in root tip cells (Allium)	
15	Identification of parts of cell and cell organelles with the help of photomicrographs:	
	Chloroplast, Endoplasmic reticulum, Mitochondrion, Golgi apparatus, Peroxisomes	
	and Glyoxysomes, Ribosomes.	
16	Staining of mitochondria by using Janus Green B Stain.	
18	Structure and Types of Chromosomes from photo micrographs.	